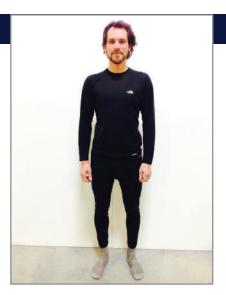
CLIMB ANTARCTICA REQUIRED CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT LIST



Conditions in Antarctica change drastically throughout our season and vary depending on your location. At Union Glacier, the climate is very dry and generally sunny but wind chill can impact temperatures greatly with early November being as cold as -22°F (-30°C). Average mid-season temperatures range from -12°F to 30°F (-24°C to -1°C).

To be prepared for all conditions, it is important to have a selection of items you can mix and match. The layering system described below will keep you safe and comfortable in all conditions—it is also the same system utilized by our Antarctic field staff.

You do not need to wear ALL of these layers ALL of the time. Dress for the weather conditions and the activity level you expect to encounter and bring extra layers with you in your backpack in case conditions change.



Base Layer

Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, or Silk but NO COTTON

Examples

Patagonia Capilene or Smartwool

Description

Your first layer consists of a lightweight or midweight long-sleeved thermal top and bottom. We recommend materials that wick moisture away from your body like polyester or merino wool. If you cannot wear artificial fibers or wool, silk is an alternate option. Cotton traps moisture and can cause you to chill more rapidly. Zip T-necks are a great option as they allow ventilation. Bring undergarments, sports bras, and/or camisoles in a similar wicking material.



Mid Layer

Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, Stretch Fleece, Grid Fleece

Examples

Patagonia R1 Fleece or Rab Power Stretch

Description

Your second layer consists of a long-sleeved heavyweight (expedition weight) base layer top and bottom or lightweight stretch fleece top and bottom. Tops with hoods are great as they seal the neck to keep you warmer.

Optional Additional Layer: Windshirt

A lightweight uncoated nylon windshirt can be worn as an outer layer when it's not too cold and reduces friction when layering on top of it.



Insulation Layer

Materials

Fleece, Down, or Synthetic Insulation (Primaloft, Thinsulate)

Examples

Patagonia R2 or Nano, Rab Microlight

Description

Your third layer should be a jacket that is thin, light in weight, and provides insulation. You can choose from either a mid to heavyweight fleece, a lightweight down, or a lightweight synthetic insulation. This should be a full-zip jacket but a hood is not essential.

Optional Additional Layer: Vest

A fleece, down, or synthetic insulation vest can add insulation without much weight.



Wind Layer

Materials

Softshell or Hardshell

Examples

Arc'teryx Gamma MX, Patagonia Galvanized

Description

Your fourth layer should be highly wind-resistant and breathable. We recommend a stretch softshell jacket and pants as softshells tend to be more breathable and more comfortable. However, some climbers prefer waterproof hardshells like Gore-tex, which are sufficient, as long as they include pit zips and side-leg zips for venting. Wind protection is the most important factor for this layer and the jacket needs to have a hood.



Polar Insulation Layer

Materials

Down or Synthetic Insulation

Examples

Rab Neutrino Pro Jacket, Mountain Hardwear Compressor Pant

Description

Your outermost layer provides crucial insulation in extreme cold or wind and protection against the worst Antarctic conditions. You will need a hooded down jacket that is large enough to go over all of your other layers. Look for a minimum of 800 fill down and a minimum weight of 28 oz (800 g). It should be long enough to cover your backside.

Pants should be down or synthetic insulated with full sidezips. Make sure they are large enough to fit over your other layers.

Head

You will need several options to cover your head, neck, and face (mouth and nose) depending on the temperature, wind conditions, and sun exposure.



Item 1: Hat or Beanie that Covers Ears

Materials:Wool or Fleece



Item 2: Wide brim sun hat, baseball hat, or trucker hat



Neck Gaiter or Buff

Materials:
Fleece or Polyester
Microfiber



Balaclava or Face Mask

Materials:
Power Stretch Fleece or
Windstopper

The face is especially vulnerable to cold injury and complete face protection is essential. Try combinations of balaclava, face mask, hat, and goggles together to ensure that there are no gaps—often a crescent shape between the edge of the goggle and a face mask or balaclava is hard to cover. You must be able to breathe freely and moisture from your breath must be able to escape (so that goggles do not fog).

Eyes

Quality eyewear is essential to prevent snow blindness. Sunglasses or goggles must be worn at all times outside.

Sunglasses and Hard Case



Materials

Non-metal frames with 100% UV protection

Examples

Julbo, Smith, Oakley

Description

Your sunglasses should have dark colored lenses and full side coverage. Look for sunglasses with side-flaps (mountaineering or glacier glasses) or sport sunglasses with big lenses, wide sides, and a contoured shape that prevents light from entering at the sides. Non wraparound sunglasses provide little or no protection from peripherally focused UV radiation.

Avoid metal frames as they can freeze to your skin and bring a hard case to protect your sunglasses in your luggage.

Goggles



Materials

100% UV Protection

Examples

Julbo, Oakley, Smith

Description

Quality goggles are necessary for very cold or stormy conditions. You will need at least two pairs of goggles. Make sure each pair has a different lens tint (one for low light conditions and one with a dark lens for sunny days) or bring two identical goggle frames that use the same interchangeable lenses. Keep in mind light conditions can change quickly when climbing and it can be difficult to change lenses with gloves on. Dark or mirrored lenses are best for bright light and reduce eye strain. Gold or amber colored lenses increase contrast and are good for overcast or flat light conditions. Look for a goggle with double lenses or a coating to help prevent fogging. If you wear prescription glasses, check to make sure your goggles fit over them comfortably.

Hands

Liner Gloves



Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, Silk, Power Stretch Fleece

Examples

Seirus, Outdoor Research, Icebreaker, The North Face

Description

Liner gloves can be layered under other gloves or mittens for additional warmth. They also protect you if you need to take off an outer glove or mitten in cold temperatures. Having two pairs allows you to switch out liners as they become damp. We do not recommend Windstopper as the membrane in Windstopper gloves makes them slow to dry out.

Midweight Insulated Mixed Climbing Gloves



Materials

Waterproof Breathable Outer with Built-in Insulation

Examples

Black Diamond Punisher Glove

Description

Look for a midweight waterproof breathable glove that has either fixed synthetic insulation or fleece lining. This glove should have good dexterity and allow you to use ice axes, karabiners, and ascenders easily.

Heavyweight Insulated Snow Gloves



00

Waterproof Breathable Outer with Insulation

Examples

Materials

Black Diamond Guide Gloves

Description

Next you will need a heavily insulated snow glove. We highly recommend the Black Diamond Guide Glove as it is the warmest glove that still offers the necessary dexterity for alpine climbing. We recommend you bring gloves with wrist loops attached as many people have taken off an outer glove to take a photo and lost it in the wind.

Oversized Thick Insulated Mittens



Materials

Down or Synthetic Insulation

Examples

Marmot 8000 Meter Mitt, Black Diamond Absolute Mitt, Outdoor Research Alti Mitts

Description

Like your outer jacket and pants, these down or synthetic insulated mittens are your ultimate protection against the coldest Antarctic conditions. Mittens will keep your hands warmer than gloves but can make taking photos challenging. You should be able to wear two pairs of liner gloves under your mittens so your hands will be protected if you to take off a mitten for photography. Make sure your mittens have wrist loops to keep them attached to you if you take them off in high wind.

Feet

Thin Liner Socks



Materials

Wool, Polyester, or Silk - NO COTTON

Examples

Smartwool, Bridgedale, Torlo, Darn Tough

Thick Heavyweight Socks



Materials

Wool, Wool Blend Socks

Examples

Smartwool, Bridgedale, Torlo, Darn Tough

Plastic Mountaineering Double Boots With Custom Liner



Materials

Plastic exterior with heat-moldable foam liners

Examples

La Sportiva Baruntse, Spantik, or G2 SM, Scarpa Phantom 6000

Description

You will need durable plastic mountaineering double boots as the Heritage Range has a lot of broken rock as well as snow and ice. If you already own plastic boots, we recommend replacing the inners with good quality custom foam liners like the Intuition or Palau which will significantly improve their fit and warmth. Single leather boots are not warm enough but expedition boots like the La Sportiva Olympus Mons EVO are overkill.

Gaiters



Materials

Gore-Tex

Examples

Outdoor Research Crocodiles Gaiter, Black Diamond Apex Gaiter

Description

Traditional gaiters when paired with plastic double boots are ideal for the climbing conditions you'll encounter in the Heritage Range.

Alpine Crampons



Materials

Steel—NO ALUMINUM

Examples

Petzl Vasak, Grivel G12

Description

You will need a set of steel mountaineering crampons. Be sure to fit your crampons to your boots and ensure they are the correct size before leaving home. You can use either step-in or strap style crampons but they must be steel. Aluminum crampons are not strong enough.

FOR CAMP: -100°F (-73°C) Rated Snow Boots with Removable Liners



Materials

Waterproof outer and removable insulated liner

Examples

Sorel Glacier XT, Baffin Impact or Endurance

Description

You will need boots that are very comfortable and very well insulated. We strongly recommend that you buy boots rated down to -100°F (-73°C) as -40°F (-40°C) boots are often not warm enough. Make sure your boots fit with two pairs of socks—one liner sock and one heavyweight sock. The boots should have built in gaiters and removable liners which can be taken out at night to dry.

Optional Footwear

Hiking Boots, Running Shoes, and/or Insulated Booties







It's nice to be able to take your polar boots off around camp and in your tent. You can also wear hiking and running shoes for activities around Union Glacier on warmer days.

Luggage

Large or XL Duffel Bag (120-150 liter)



Materials

Durable PU or Ballistic Nylon

Examples

The North Face Base Camp Duffel—XL or Patagonia Black Hole 120 Duffel Bag

Description

We recommend using an oversized duffel bag for your checked bag on your Antarctic flight. Make sure it is made of a durable material to withstand international travel and handling on snow and ice. Look for a bag with a full zipper and multiple haul handles.

Lightweight Expedition Pack (70-80 liter)



Description

Look for a pack that is 4.5 lb (2 kg) or less in weight. We recommend packs of at least 70 L (4500 cu in).





Examples

Patagonia Lightweight Black Hole Pack 26L, Osprey Ozone Daypack 24L

Description

All passengers are limited to one carry-on bag sized to fit under an airplane seat for the Antarctic flight. We recommend putting all of your essential items in a carry-on backpack that you can also use for daily excursions while in Antarctica.

Stuff Sacks



Materials

Mesh or Nylon

Description

It's easiest to organize your clothing in your bag and tent if you have color-coded stuff sacks.

Equipment

Mountaineering Ice Axe OR Pair of Short Technical Tools



Description

Requirements depend on your preferred aims. A long walking axe is desirable for long ridge traverses and classical alpinism. If you prefer to climb some steep lines, then bring a pair of shorter technical tools. Please contact us if you have questions about any of the technical climbing equipment on this checklist.

Pee Bottle(s)



Examples

Nalgene 32 oz or Nalgene 48 oz Wide Mouth Water Bottle(s)

Description

All human waste is removed from Union Glacier and all urine or 'pee' generated in the field must be deposited only in marked pee holes at base camps. This means you will need your own container to urinate in when you are not within reach of a toilet facility or a marked pee hole. We recommend a wide mouth water bottle that is clearly marked for pee only. We recommend practicing with your pee bottle at home so you can be comfortable using it when you get to Antarctica. Females may also find a pee funnel (Freshette, SheWee, Go-Girl) helpful.

At Union Glacier Camp, our staff will show you the container where you empty pee bottles behind the toilet facility. While on expedition in the Heritage Range or elsewhere in the Southern Ellsworth Mountains, you will empty pee bottles in marked pee holes at your base camp.

CLIMB ANTARCTICA CHECKLIST

You must bring ALL of the items on this list unless they are listed as optional. We will look for each item on this list at your Gear Check in Punta Arenas. These items may not be available for purchase in Punta Arenas and we will not let you board the aircraft to Antarctica without them.

X	#	Item			
Base Layer					
	4 pairs	Underwear, sports bras, etc.			
	2	Light or midweight tops			
	2 pairs	Light or midweight bottoms			
Mid Layer					
	1	Lightweight fleece top or expedition-weight base layer top			
	1 pair	Lightweight fleece pants or expedition-weight base layer bottoms			
	Optional	Lightweight windshirt			
Insulation Layer					
	1	Mid or heavyweight fleece, down, or synthetic insulation jacket			
	Optional	Fleece, down, or synthetic insulated vest			
Wi	nd Layer				
	1	Hooded shell jacket			
	1 pair	Shell pants			
Pol	lar Insulat	ion Layer			
	1	Thick down or synthetic insulated jacket with large hood			
	1 pair	Down or synthetic insulated pants with full side-zips			
He	adwear				
	1	Hat or beanie that covers ears			
	1	Wide brim sun hat, baseball hat, or trucker hat			
	1	Neck gaiter or Buff			
	1	Balaclava and/or face mask			
	Optional	Headband			
Eye	ewear				
	2 pairs	Sunglasses with side coverage and sunglass cases			
	2 pairs	Goggles with different lens tints			
	Optional	Spare contact lenses or prescription glasses, if required			
Gloves					
	2 pairs	Liner gloves			
	1 pair	Midweight insulated mixed climbing gloves			
	1 pair	Heavyweight insulated snow gloves			
	1 pair	Oversized thick insulated mittens			
	10	Chemical hand warmers			

X	#	Item			
Footwear					
	3 pairs	Thin liner socks			
	3 pairs	Thick heavyweight socks			
	1 pair	Plastic mountaineering double boots with new custom liner			
	1 pair	Traditional gaiters			
	1 pair	Steel crampons			
	1 pair	Snow boots rated -100°F (-73°C)			
	Optional	Hiking boots or running shoes			
	Optional	Insulated booties with no-slip sole			
Lug	ggage				
	1	Extra large duffel bag (120-150 liter)			
	1	Lightweight expedition pack (70-80 liter)			
	1	Carry-on backpack 18" x 16" x 10" (46cm x 41cm x 26cm)			
	4-6	Stuff sacks			
Sle	eping Equ	ipment			
	1	Sleeping bag rated -40°F (-40°C) with full-length zip			
	1	Full-length, closed cell foam mat			
	1	Full-length lightweight inflatable mattress			
Cli	mbing Equ	ipment			
	1	Long mountaineering ice axe OR a pair of short technical tools			
	1 pair	Adjustable ski poles			
	6	Snapgate non-locking karabiners (Black Diamond Neutrino)			
	2	Large screwgate locking HMS or Pear karabiners (Black Diamond VaporLock)			
	2	Small screwgate locking HMS or Pear karabiners			
	40 ft (12 m)	6 mm Perlon cord for prusiks/pack leash/sled hauling/utility			
	1	Lightweight mountaineering climbing harness with adjustable leg-loops (Black Diamond Couloir)			
	1	Climbing helmet sized to fit with a hat or beanie underneath (Petzl)			
Oth	ner Equipn	nent			
	2	32 oz Nalgene wide-mouth water bottles (option to substitute one for a Thermos flask)			
	2	32 oz Nalgene wide-mouth bottle (marked for pee). Option to substitute for one 48 oz Nalgene wide-mouth water bottle.			
	1-2	Insulated covers for Nalgene water bottles (Outdoor Research or Forty Below)			
	1	Large insulated mug with lid			
	1	Large lightweight non-breakable Tupperware bowl			
	1	Lexan spoon			
	2	Lip balm with minimum SPF 50			
	1	Sunscreen with minimum SPF 50			
	1	Personal toilet bag with wash cloth, small towel, Wet Wipes, toothbrush, toothpaste, lotion, Band-Aids, blister kit, contact lens solution, feminine products, etc.			
	As needed	Personal medication. Bring enough for your climb plus an additional 4 weeks' supply.			

X	#	Item			
Oth	Other Optional Items				
	Optional	For Antarctica: USB or 120V A/C (North American Type A or B plugs) For Chile: Plug adapters and 220V transformers			
	Optional	US cash to purchase satellite phone cards or merchandise at Union Glacier Camp			
	Optional	Cotton t-shirts to wear at Union Glacier Camp			
	Optional	Lightweight journal, paperback book, sketchbook, pencils, pen, e-reader			
	Optional	Cameras, chargers, extra batteries			
	Optional	iPod or tablet with headphones			
	Optional	Eyeshade and earplugs for sleeping in 24-hour daylight			
	Optional	Handkerchiefs/bandanas			
	Optional	Pee funnel for women			