

# VINSON AND SIDLEY REQUIRED CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT LIST



Conditions in Antarctica change drastically throughout our season and vary depending on your location. At Union Glacier, the climate is very dry and generally sunny but wind chill can impact temperatures greatly with early November being as cold as -22°F (-30°C). Average mid-season temperatures range from -12°F to 30°F (-24°C to -1°C).

Once you leave Union Glacier, you must adapt your clothing for potentially extreme conditions at Mount Vinson or Mount Sidley including severe storms and temperatures as low as -40°F (-40°C).

To be prepared for all conditions, it is important to have a selection of items you can mix and match. The layering system described below will keep you safe and comfortable in all conditions—it is also the same system utilized by our Antarctic field staff.

**You do not need to wear ALL of these layers ALL of the time.** Dress for the weather conditions and the activity level you expect to encounter and bring extra layers with you in your backpack in case conditions change.

## Base Layer



### Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, or Silk but NO COTTON

### Examples

Patagonia Capilene or Smartwool

### Description

Your first layer consists of a lightweight or midweight long-sleeved thermal top and bottom. We recommend materials that wick moisture away from your body like polyester or merino wool. If you cannot wear artificial fibers or wool, silk is an alternate option. Cotton traps moisture and can cause you to chill more rapidly. Zip T-necks are a great option as they allow ventilation. Bring undergarments, sports bras, and/or camisoles in a similar wicking material.

## Mid Layer



### Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, Stretch Fleece, Grid Fleece

### Examples

Patagonia R1 Fleece or Rab Power Stretch

### Description

Your second layer consists of a long-sleeved heavyweight (expedition weight) base layer top and bottom or lightweight stretch fleece top and bottom. Tops with hoods and thumb holes are great as they seal the neck and wrists to keep you warmer.

### Optional Additional Layer: Windshirt

A lightweight uncoated nylon windshirt can be worn as an outer layer when it's not too cold and reduces friction when layering on top of it.

## Insulation Layer



### Materials

Fleece, Down, or Synthetic Insulation (Primaloft, Thinsulate)

### Examples

Patagonia R2, R3, or Nano, Rab Microlight

### Description

Your third layer should be a jacket that is thin, light in weight, and provides insulation. You can choose from either a mid to heavyweight fleece, a lightweight down, or a lightweight synthetic insulation. This should be a full-zip jacket but a hood is not essential.

### Optional Additional Layer: Vest

A fleece, down, or synthetic insulation vest can add insulation without much weight.

## Wind Layer



### Materials

Stretch Softshell

### Examples

Arc'teryx Gamma MX Softshell, Patagonia Galvanized Pants

### Description

Your fourth layer should be highly wind-resistant and breathable. We recommend a stretch softshell jacket and pants as softshells tend to be more breathable and more comfortable. However, some climbers prefer waterproof hardshells like Gore-tex, which are sufficient, as long as they include pit zips and side-leg zips for venting. Wind protection is the most important factor for this layer and the jacket needs to have a hood.

## Polar Insulation Layer



### Materials

Down or Synthetic Insulation

### Examples

Rab Neutrino Endurance Jacket, Mountain Hardwear Compressor Pant

### Description

Your outermost layer provides crucial insulation in extreme cold or wind and protection against the worst Antarctic conditions. You will need a hooded down jacket that is large enough to go over all of your other layers. Look for a minimum of 800 fill down and a minimum weight of 28 oz (800 g). It should be long enough to cover your backside.

Pants should be down or synthetic insulated with full side-zips. Make sure they are large enough to fit over your other layers.

## Head

You will need several options to cover your head, neck, and face (mouth and nose) depending on the temperature, wind conditions, and sun exposure.



**Item 1:**  
Hat or Beanie that  
Covers Ears

**Materials:**  
Wool or Fleece



**Item 2:**  
Wide brim sun hat,  
baseball hat, or trucker hat



**Item 3:**  
Neck Gaiter or Buff

**Materials:**  
Fleece or Polyester  
Microfiber



**Item 4:**  
Balaclava or Face Mask

**Materials:**  
Power Stretch Fleece or  
Windstopper

The face is especially vulnerable to cold injury and complete face protection is essential. Try combinations of balaclava, face mask, hat, and goggles together to ensure that there are no gaps—often a crescent shape between the edge of the goggle and a face mask or balaclava is hard to cover. You must be able to breathe freely and moisture from your breath must be able to escape (so that goggles do not fog).

## Eyes

### Sunglasses and Hard Case



### Materials

Non-metal frames with 100% UV protection

### Examples

Julbo, Smith, Oakley

### Description

Quality sunglasses are essential to prevent snow blindness. Look for side-flaps or a contoured shape to prevent light entering at the sides and dark colored lenses. Avoid metal frames; they can freeze to your skin. Bring a hard case to protect them in your luggage.

## Goggles



### Materials

100% UV Protection

### Examples

Julbo, Oakley, Smith

### Description

Quality goggles are necessary for very cold or stormy conditions. You will need at least two pairs of goggles. Make sure each pair has a different lens tint (one for low light conditions and one with a dark lens for sunny days) or bring two identical goggle frames that use the same interchangeable lenses. Keep in mind light conditions can change quickly when climbing and it can be difficult to change lenses with gloves on. Dark or mirrored lenses are best for bright light and reduce eye strain. Gold or amber colored lenses increase contrast and are good for overcast or flat light conditions. Look for a goggle with double lenses or a coating to help prevent fogging. If you wear prescription glasses, check to make sure your goggles fit over them comfortably.

## Hands

### Liner Gloves



### Materials

Polyester, Merino Wool, Silk, Power Stretch Fleece

### Examples

Seirus, Outdoor Research, Icebreaker, The North Face

### Description

Liner gloves can be layered under other gloves or mittens for additional warmth. They also protect you if you need to take off an outer glove or mitten in cold temperatures. Having two pairs allows you to switch out liners as they become damp. We do not recommend Windstopper as the membrane in Windstopper gloves makes them slow to dry out.

### Midweight Insulated Mixed Climbing Gloves



### Materials

Waterproof Breathable Outer with Built-in Insulation

### Examples

Black Diamond Punisher Glove

### Description

Look for a midweight waterproof breathable glove that has either fixed synthetic insulation or fleece lining. This glove should have good dexterity and allow you to use ice axes, karabiners, and ascenders easily.

## Heavyweight Insulated Snow Gloves



### Materials

Waterproof Breathable Outer with Insulation

### Examples

Black Diamond Guide Gloves

### Description

Next you will need a heavily insulated snow glove. We highly recommend the Black Diamond Guide Glove as it is the warmest glove that still offers the necessary dexterity for alpine climbing. We recommend you bring gloves with wrist loops attached as many people have taken off an outer glove to take a photo and lost it in the wind.

## Oversized Thick Insulated Mittens



### Materials

Down or Synthetic Insulation

### Examples

Marmot 8000 Meter Mitt, Black Diamond Absolute Mitt, Outdoor Research Alti Mitts

### Description

Like your outer jacket and pants, these down or synthetic insulated mittens are your ultimate protection against the coldest Antarctic conditions. Mittens will keep your hands warmer than gloves but can make taking photos challenging. You should be able to wear two pairs of liner gloves under your mittens so your hands will be protected if you take off a mitten for photography. Make sure your mittens have wrist loops to keep them attached to you if you take them off in high wind.

## Feet

### Thin Liner Socks



### Materials

Wool, Polyester, or Silk—NO COTTON

### Examples

Smartwool, Bridgedale, Thorlo, Terramar

### Thick Heavyweight Socks



### Materials

Wool or Wool Blend Socks

### Examples

Smartwool, Bridgedale, Thorlo, Darn Tough

## Expedition Double Boots with Built-in Gaiter



### Materials

Waterproof outer boot and gaiter with removable insulated inner boot

### Examples

La Sportiva Olympus Mons EVO, Millet Everest Summit GTX

### Description

You will need mountaineering boots designed for cold weather, high altitudes, and extreme expedition conditions. Make sure your boots fit with two pairs of socks—one liner sock and one heavyweight sock. The boots should have built-in gaiters and a removable inner boot which can be taken out and worn on its own around base camp.

## Alpine Crampons



### Materials

Steel—**NO ALUMINUM**

### Examples

Petzl Vasak, Grivel G12

### Description

You will need a set of steel mountaineering crampons. Be sure to fit your crampons to your boots and ensure they are the correct size before leaving home. You can use either step-in or strap style crampons but they must be steel. Aluminum crampons are not strong enough.

## Optional Footwear



Hiking Boots, Running Shoes, and/or Tent Booties

It's nice to be able to take your polar boots off around camp and in your tent. You can also wear hiking and running shoes for activities around Union Glacier on warmer days.

## Luggage

### Large or XL Duffel Bag (120-150 liter)



#### Materials

Durable PU or Ballistic Nylon

#### Examples

The North Face Base Camp Duffel—XL or Patagonia Black Hole 120 Duffel Bag

#### Description

We recommend using an oversized duffel bag for your checked bag on your Antarctic flight. Make sure it is made of a durable material to withstand international travel and handling on snow and ice. Look for a bag with a full zipper and multiple haul handles.

### Lightweight Expedition Pack (70-80 liter)



#### Description

Look for a pack that is 4.5 lb (2 kg) or less in weight. We recommend packs of at least 70 L (4500 cu in).

### Carry-on Backpack 18" x 16" x 10" (46cm x 41cm x 26cm)



#### Examples

Patagonia Lightweight Black Hole Pack 26L, Osprey Ozone Daypack 24L

#### Description

All passengers are limited to one carry-on bag sized to fit under an airplane seat for the Antarctic flight. We recommend putting all of your essential items in a carry-on backpack that you can also use for daily excursions while in Antarctica.

## Stuff Sacks



### Materials

Mesh or Nylon

### Description

It's easiest to organize your clothing in your bag and tent if you have color-coded stuff sacks.

## Equipment

### Pee Bottle



### Examples

Nalgene 48 oz Wide Mouth Water Bottle

### Description

All human waste is removed from Union Glacier and all urine or 'pee' must be deposited only in marked pee holes when on Mount Vinson. This means you will need your own container to urinate in when you are not within reach of a toilet facility or a marked pee hole. We recommend a wide mouth water bottle that is clearly marked for pee only. At Union Glacier Camp, our staff will show you the container where you empty pee bottles behind the toilet facility. On Vinson, you will empty pee bottles in marked pee holes.



# VINSON AND SIDLEY CHECKLIST

**You must bring ALL of the items on this list unless they are listed as optional.** We will look for each item on this list at your Gear Check in Punta Arenas. These items may not be available for purchase in Punta Arenas and we will not let you board the aircraft to Antarctica without them.

X	#	Item
<b>Base Layer</b>		
	2	Light or midweight tops
	2 pairs	Light or midweight bottoms
	4 pairs	Underwear, sports bras, etc.
<b>Mid Layer</b>		
	1	Lightweight fleece top or expedition-weight base layer top
	1 pair	Lightweight fleece pants or expedition-weight base layer bottoms
	<i>Optional</i>	Lightweight windshirt
<b>Insulation Layer</b>		
	1	Mid or heavyweight fleece, down, or synthetic insulation jacket
	<i>Optional</i>	Fleece, down, or synthetic insulated vest
<b>Wind Layer</b>		
	1	Hooded softshell jacket
	1 pair	Stretch softshell pants
<b>Polar Insulation Layer</b>		
	1	Thick down or synthetic insulated jacket with large hood
	1 pair	Down or synthetic insulated pants with full side-zips
<b>Headwear</b>		
	1	Hat or beanie that covers ears
	1	Wide brim sun hat, baseball hat, or trucker hat
	1	Neck gaiter or Buff
	1	Balaclava and/or face mask
	<i>Optional</i>	Headband
<b>Eyewear</b>		
	2 pairs	Sunglasses with side coverage and sunglass cases
	2 pairs	Goggles with different lens tints
	<i>Optional</i>	Spare contact lenses or prescription glasses, if required
<b>Gloves</b>		
	2 pairs	Liner gloves
	1 pair	Midweight insulated mixed climbing gloves
	1 pair	Heavyweight insulated snow gloves
	1 pair	Oversized thick insulated mittens
	10	Chemical hand warmers

X	#	Item
<b>Footwear</b>		
	3 pairs	Thin liner socks
	3 pairs	Thick heavyweight socks
	1 pair	Expedition double boots with built-in gaiter
	1 pair	Steel crampons
	<i>Optional</i>	Hiking boots or running shoes
	<i>Optional</i>	Tent booties with no-slip sole
<b>Luggage</b>		
	1	Extra large duffel bag
	1	Lightweight expedition pack
	1	Carry-on backpack 18" x 16" x 10" (46cm x 41cm x 26cm)
	4-6	Stuff sacks
<b>Sleeping Equipment</b>		
	1	Sleeping bag rated -40°F (-40°C) with full-length zip
	1	Full-length lightweight inflatable mattress
<b>Climbing Equipment</b>		
	1	Mountaineering ice axe (24-30 in/60-75 cm depending on your height). Technical ice climbing axes are not suitable for Vinson or Sidley.
	1 pair	Adjustable ski poles
	6	Snapgate non-locking karabiners (Black Diamond Neutrino)
	2	Large screwgate locking HMS or Pear karabiners (Black Diamond VaporLock)
	2	Small screwgate locking HMS or Pear karabiners
	40 ft (12 m)	6 mm Perlon cord for prusiks/pack leash/sled hauling/utility
	1	Lightweight mountaineering climbing harness with adjustable leg-loops (Black Diamond Couloir)
	1	Handheld ascender (Petzl) <i>*required for Vinson, optional for Sidley</i>
<b>Other Equipment</b>		
	2	32-oz Nalgene wide-mouth water bottles (option to substitute 1 for a Thermos flask)
	1	48-oz Nalgene wide-mouth bottle (marked for pee)
	1-2	Outdoor Research insulated covers for Nalgene water bottles
	1	Large insulated mug with lid
	1	Large lightweight non-breakable Tupperware bowl
	1	Lexan spoon
	2	Lip balm with minimum SPF 50
	1	Sunscreen with minimum SPF 50
	1	Personal toilet bag with wash cloth, small towel, Wet Wipes, toothbrush, toothpaste, lotion, Band-Aids, blister kit, contact lens solution, feminine products, etc.
	As needed	Personal medication. Bring enough for your climb plus an additional 4 weeks' supply.

X	#	Item
<b>Other Optional Items</b>		
	<i>Optional</i>	<b>For Antarctica:</b> USB or 120V A/C (North American Type A or B plugs) <b>For Chile:</b> Plug adapters and 220 V transformers
	<i>Optional</i>	US cash to purchase satellite phone cards or merchandise at Union Glacier Camp
	<i>Optional</i>	Cotton t-shirts to wear at Union Glacier Camp
	<i>Optional</i>	Lightweight journal, paperback book, sketchbook, pencils, pen, e-reader
	<i>Optional</i>	Cameras, chargers, extra batteries
	<i>Optional</i>	iPod or tablet with headphones
	<i>Optional</i>	Eyeshade and earplugs for sleeping in 24-hour daylight
	<i>Optional</i>	Handkerchiefs/bandanas
	<i>Optional</i>	Pee funnel for women